DECLASSIFIED AND RELEASED BY CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE ABENCY SOURCESHETHODSEXEMPTION 3020 VAZIWAR CRIMES BISCLOSURE ACT BATE 2007 Re: Ivan Serhiyevych KHMILES Comment on the Memo of Ukrainian American Intellectuals to Breshnev and Co

Source: # 6 = accossowary/1 porces

Date: 22 Jan 1968

1. On 31 Dec 1967 at the house of Levko (Lec) MAYSTRENKO of New York, N.Y. Source had a talk with KHMIL about the a/m memo. In the middle of the New Year's party at which Khmil was together with his wife, he raised the topic first asking Source whether he had had any replies to the memo.

2. In KHMIL'S opinion the meno was "too demanding". It should have been restricted to a minimum in its desiderate. In its present form at least 50% of demands and suggestions is to be discarded at once. It is also composed as a ultimatum and Khmil did not think this was right. Moreover, what real "power" was presented the people that significant the memo. Even if one assumes that twice as many would have signed then still, this gave then no right to put forward an ultimatum.

3. Khmil indicated also that he misself and his colleagues her in New York did approve of the fact that the meso was not given or rather addressed to them as well.

Memo would like to visit the Ukraine. When Source replied that perhaps they would and on this occasion would like also to visit Pot'ma. Khmil pretended he did not know what Source was talking about. He did not even "known" what was Pot'ma. When Source explained to him that he was thinking of Chornovil and other prisoners in Pot'ma. Khmil said something to the effect; what are you talking about, are you crasy, who is going to bring you there, Kolosova perhaps or who?"

As to the arrears and perecutions themselves Khmil commented that

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"little boys were playing games"... It was not hower clear whom he meant by "little boys", whether the KGB or the imprisoned. He also added that all systems are getting degenerated, without exception. So had said Marx and it applied also to the Soviet system. But the main thing was that even when the superstructure the basis continued to exist in its vital and healthy form.

5. Then Khmil suggested the group should publish a magazine. He explained he was not thinking of a Kosach-like paper but "a real magazine" based on the presenteday-situation in the Ukraine and on positions, for instance, of the memo.

In the course of further explanations, Khmil said that its editorial state or rather contributors should include 50% of their (Soviet Ukrainian) people and it might ne called "The Polemist". Its main purpose would be to start a real discussion between Kien and the emigration.

He also promised to help the New York Group of Artists to get printed in Soviet magazines and anather as he had good contact the publishing house. He had friends there and in a few months time he was going to make return to Kiev for good.

He was even willing to take some articles, or whatever material there was with him now.